

The Victorian Curriculum Digital Technologies (DLTV/VCAA)

**Introduction to the Digital Technologies curriculum(F-10)
Webinar – 8 February 2018**

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2018

Where are you at?

- How many of you were in schools that implemented the DigiTech curriculum last year (2017)?
- How many of you are in schools implementing the curriculum this year (2018)?
- How many of you are new to teaching Digital Technologies?

Curriculum

Digital Technologies Curriculum

<http://victoriancurriculum.vcaa.vic.edu.au/technologies/digital-technologies/introduction/rationale-and-aims>

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Digital Technologies

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Rationale and Aims

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Rationale

The Digital Technologies curriculum enables students to become confident and creative developers of digital solutions through the application of information systems and specific ways of thinking about problem solving.

Students acquire a deep knowledge and understanding of digital systems, data and information and the processes associated with creating digital solutions so they can take up an active role in meeting current and future needs.

The curriculum has been designed to provide practical opportunities for students to explore the capacity of information systems to systematically and innovatively transform data into digital solutions through the application of computational, design and systems thinking.

Scope and Sequence F-10

<http://victoriancurriculum.vcaa.vic.edu.au/technologies/digital-technologies/introduction/scope-and-sequence>

Foundation – Level 2

Levels 3 and 4

Levels 5 and 6

Levels 7 and 8

Levels 9 and 10

| Digital Systems | Digital Systems | Digital Systems | Digital Systems | Digital Systems |
|---|--|---|--|---|
| Identify and explore digital systems (hardware and software components) for a purpose | Explore a range of digital systems with peripheral devices for different purposes, and transmit different types of data | Examine the main components of common digital systems, and how such digital systems may connect together to form networks to transmit data | Investigate how data are transmitted and secured in wired, wireless and mobile networks | Investigate the role of hardware and software in managing, controlling and securing the movement of and access to data in networked digital systems |
| Data and Information | | | | |
| Recognise and explore patterns in data and represent data as pictures, symbols and diagrams | Recognise different types of data and explore how the same data can be represented in different ways | Examine how whole numbers are used as the basis for representing all types of data in digital systems | Investigate how digital systems represent text, image and sound data in binary | Analyse simple compression of data and how content data are separated from presentation |
| Collect, explore and sort data, and use digital systems to present the data creatively | Collect, access and present different types of data using simple software to create information and solve problems | Acquire, store and validate different types of data and use a range of software to interpret and visualise data to create information | Acquire data from a range of sources and evaluate their authenticity, accuracy and timeliness | Develop techniques for acquiring, storing and validating quantitative and qualitative data from a range of sources, considering privacy and security requirements |
| Independently and with others create and organise ideas and information using information systems, and share these with known people in safe online environments | Individually and with others, plan, create and communicate ideas and information safely, applying agreed ethical and social protocols | Plan, create and communicate ideas, information and online collaborative projects, applying agreed ethical, social and technical protocols | Analyse and visualise data using a range of software to create information, and use structured data to model objects or events | Analyse and visualise data to create information and address complex problems, and model processes, entities and their relationships using structured data |
| | | | Manage, create and communicate interactive ideas, information and projects collaboratively online, taking safety and social contexts into account | Manage and collaboratively create interactive solutions for sharing ideas and information online, taking into account social contexts and legal responsibilities |
| Creating Digital Solutions | | | | |
| Follow, describe and represent a sequence of steps and decisions (algorithms) needed to solve simple problems | Define simple problems, and describe and follow a sequence of steps and decisions involving branching and user input (algorithms) needed to solve them | Define problems in terms of data and functional requirements, drawing on previously solved problems to identify similarities | Define and decompose real-world problems taking into account functional requirements and sustainability (economic, environmental, social), technical and usability constraints | Define and decompose real-world problems precisely, taking into account functional and non-functional requirements and including interviewing stakeholders to identify needs |
| | | Design a user interface for a digital system, generating and considering alternative design ideas | Design the user experience of a digital system, generating, evaluating and communicating alternative designs | Design the user experience of a digital system, evaluating alternative designs against criteria including functionality, accessibility, usability and aesthetics |
| | | Design, modify and follow simple algorithms represented diagrammatically and in English, involving sequences of steps, branching, and iteration | Design algorithms represented diagrammatically and in English, and trace algorithms to predict output for a given input and to identify errors | Design algorithms represented diagrammatically and in structured English and validate algorithms and programs through tracing and test cases |
| | Develop simple solutions as visual programs | Develop digital solutions as simple visual programs | Develop and modify programs with user interfaces involving branching, iteration and functions using a general-purpose programming language | Develop modular programs, applying selected algorithms and data structures including using an object-oriented programming language |
| Explore how people safely use common information systems to meet information, communication and recreation needs | Explain how student-developed solutions and existing information systems meet common personal, school or community needs | Explain how student-developed solutions and existing information systems meet current and future community and sustainability needs | Evaluate how well student-developed solutions and existing information systems meet needs, are innovative and take account of future risks and sustainability | Evaluate critically how well student-developed solutions and existing information systems and policies take account of future risks and sustainability and provide opportunities for innovation |
| Achievement Standard | | | | |
| By the end of Level 2, students identify how common digital systems are used to meet specific purposes. Students use digital systems to represent simple patterns in data in different ways and collect familiar data and display them to convey meaning. Students design solutions to simple problems using a sequence of steps and decisions. They create and organise ideas and information using information systems and share these in safe online environments. | By the end of Level 4, students describe how a range of digital systems and their peripheral devices can be used for different purposes. Students explain how the same data sets can be represented in different ways. They collect and manipulate different data when creating information and digital solutions. They plan and safely use information systems when creating and communicating ideas and information, applying agreed protocols. Students define simple problems, and design and develop digital solutions using algorithms that involve decision-making and user input. They explain how their developed solutions and existing information systems meet their purposes. | By the end of Level 6, students explain the functions of digital system components and how digital systems are connected to form networks that transmit data. Students explain how digital systems use whole numbers as a basis for representing a variety of data types. They manage the creation and communication of ideas, information and digital projects collaboratively using validated data and agreed protocols. Students define problems in terms of data and functional requirements and design solutions by developing algorithms to address the problems. They incorporate decision-making, repetition and user interface design into their designs and develop their digital solutions, including a visual program. Students explain how information systems and their developed solutions meet current and future needs taking sustainability into account. | By the end of Level 8, students distinguish between different types of networks and their suitability in meeting defined purposes. Students explain how text, image and sound data can be represented and secured in digital systems and presented using digital systems. They analyse and evaluate data from a range of sources to model solutions and create information. They manage the collaborative creation of interactive ideas, information and projects and use appropriate codes of conduct when communicating online. Students define and decompose problems in terms of functional requirements and constraints. They design user experiences and algorithms incorporating branching and iterations, and develop, test, and modify digital solutions. Students evaluate information systems and their solutions in terms of meeting needs, innovation and sustainability. | By the end of Level 10, students explain the control and management of networked digital systems and the data security implications of the interaction between hardware, software and users. Students explain simple data compression, and why content data are separated from presentation. They take account of privacy and security requirements when selecting and validating data and use digital systems to analyse, visualise and model salient aspects of data. Students share and collaborate online, establishing protocols for the legal and safe use, transmission and maintenance of data and projects. Students define and decompose complex problems in terms of functional and non-functional requirements. They design and evaluate user experiences and algorithms, and develop and test modular programs, including an object-oriented program. Students evaluate their solutions and information systems in terms of risk, sustainability and potential for innovation. |

Planning and reporting

<http://www.vcaa.vic.edu.au/Pages/foundation10/viccurriculum/curriculumplanning.aspx>

Victorian Curriculum F–10

Revised curriculum planning and reporting guidelines



December 2015

 Victorian Curriculum
Foundation-10

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AND ASSESSMENT AUTHORITY

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State
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State
Government

Resources

Getting started – VCAA Web page

<http://www.vcaa.vic.edu.au/Pages/foundation10/viccurriculum/digitech/intro.aspx>

[Home](#) > [Foundation – 10](#) > [Curriculum area advice](#) > Digital Technologies: Curriculum area advice

⌂ Curriculum area advice

Digital Technologies

Introduction

Curriculum planning and assessment

Teaching resources

External resources

Frequently asked questions

STEM



Introducing the curriculum


Digital Technologies provides students with the opportunity to acquire and apply specific ways of thinking about problem-solving to create innovative, purpose-designed digital solutions.

Computational thinking is at the core of this curriculum. It is a way of analysing problems and precisely and logically designing solutions that can be understood and carried out through the use of programming languages. Design and systems thinking also contribute to the problem-solving approach in this curriculum.

Digital Technologies empowers students to move from being confident users and consumers of digital systems – ICT as a general capability – to being discerning and creative problem solvers, equipped for an increasingly knowledge-based economy and society.

When creating digital solutions students use data, information, processes and digital systems. Digital systems are often referred to as either digital technologies or ICT. These are the digital resources, such as tablets, notebooks, cameras, phones and data probes that allow data and information to be manipulated, stored and communicated.

The Digital Technologies curriculum is new, and it is a discipline based learning area, not a capability. In the Victorian Curriculum, skills associated with ICT as a capability are either specifically embedded in the content descriptions of Mathematics, Media Arts, Geography, English and Digital Technologies or schools have the flexibility to determine how these skills will be used in their teaching and learning programs for other curriculum areas.

To view the Digital Technologies curriculum, please visit the [Victorian Curriculum F-10 website](#) .

Presentation

A PowerPoint presentation outlining the key components of the Digital Technologies curriculum is available:

[Introducing Digital Technologies \(pptx - 320.28kb\)](#)

Unpacking content descriptions

<http://www.vcaa.vic.edu.au/Pages/foundation10/viccurriculum/digitech/teachresources.aspx>

Unpacking content descriptions




The following materials are designed to assist teachers to become more familiar with the curriculum by "unpacking" the content descriptions.

When curriculum planning, one of the most important aspects for teachers is to connect the intention of the lesson/s with the appropriate content descriptions and to enable students to demonstrate progress in their learning based upon the achievement standards.

This package of resources outline:

- A suggested focus for lessons
- Sample activities to be undertaken by the students.

These resources cover **a selection** of the content descriptions from each band, not all the content descriptions.

| YR/LvL | Unpacking the Content Descriptions |
|--------|---|
| F-2 |  Unpacking Digital Technologies Content Descriptions (docx - 366.61kb) |
| 3-4 |  Unpacking Digital Technologies Content Descriptions (docx - 367.16kb) |
| 5-6 |  Unpacking Digital Technologies Content Descriptions (docx - 365.02kb) |
| 7-8 |  Unpacking Digital Technologies Content Descriptions (docx - 367.71kb) |
| 9-10 |  Unpacking Digital Technologies Content Descriptions (docx - 369.45kb) |

Unpacking content descriptions

Digital Technologies: Unpacking the Content Descriptions

| Strand | Creating Digital Solutions |
|--|--|
| Content Description | Design algorithms represented diagrammatically and in English, and trace algorithms to predict output for a given input and to identify errors |
| Related extract from Achievement Standard | They design user experiences and algorithms incorporating branching and iterations, and develop, test, and modify digital solutions. |
| Suggested focus | Lessons may focus on: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• reviewing flowchart symbols• reviewing how algorithms may look as English statements• creating a flowchart to represent an algorithm• creating an algorithm as English statements• tracing algorithms to make predictions based on different input |

| Sample activities |
|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">• reviewing flowchart symbols to determine meaning and usage• reviewing how algorithms may look when written as English statements• comparing the same algorithm presented:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• as a flowchart• as English statements• comparing algorithms with statements in a:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• visual programming language• general-purpose programming language• creating a flowchart for a common task where decisions and repetition are made, for example searching for a word in the dictionary• creating an algorithm as English statements for a common task where decisions and repetition are made, for example entering in a class set of test scores• tracing algorithms to check accuracy, predict output based on given input (desk-checking) and identify any errors |

<http://www.vcaa.vic.edu.au/Pages/foundation10/viccurriculum/digitech/teachresources.aspx>

Sample program plans and coverage maps

There is no one set way that a school could develop their teaching and learning program. Teachers and schools have the flexibility to create teaching and learning plans that respond to the needs of their students.

The following samples show how a school could conceptualise units of work to cover the content and to assess against the achievement standards in a two year planning cycle.

These resources contain two parts:

- **Program planning templates**

This demonstrates coverage of the content descriptions in a number of units taught across a two year planning cycle. Each unit is linked to extracts from the achievement standard and outlines assessment strategies.

- **Curriculum Area plans**

This provides a visual representation of how the Digital Technologies curriculum will be covered across two years, showing the units by topic, the sequencing of the topics, the coverage of the three strands within the Digital Technologies curriculum and the time allocated to each strand and unit.

These two planning components are interrelated. Each provides a different perspective on the teaching and learning program. Both types of plans are important to consider when making decisions about the best way to deliver the curriculum in each school context.

Curriculum Planning Templates

Curriculum Planning Template: Digital Technologies 9-10 (Sample Program 3)

Instruction: List the title of the unit of work in the first column and then tick the check box of the content descriptor/s addressed by it, which can be done electronically. Once completed, fill out the 'Assessments' table.

For detailed notes regarding the purpose of this template and further instructions for completion, refer [here](#)

| Strand | Digital Systems | | Data and Information | | | | | | Creating Digital Solutions | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|
| | Content Description | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Investigate the role of hardware and software in managing, controlling and securing the movement of and access to data in networked digital systems [VCDTD045] | Analyse simple compression of data and how content data are separated from presentation [VCDTD046] | Develop techniques for acquiring, storing and validating quantitative and qualitative data from a range of sources, considering privacy and security requirements [VCDTD047] | Analyse and visualise data to create information and address complex problems, and model processes, entities and their relationships using structured data [VCDTD048] | Manage and collaboratively create interactive solutions for sharing ideas and information online, taking into account social contexts and legal responsibilities [VCDTD049] | Define and decompose real-world problems precisely, taking into account functional and non-functional requirements and including interviewing stakeholders to identify needs [VCDTD050] | Design the user experience of a digital system, evaluating alternative designs against criteria including functionality, accessibility, usability and aesthetics [VCDTD051] | Design algorithms represented diagrammatically and in structured English and validate algorithms and programs through tracing and test cases [VCDTD052] | Develop modular programs, applying selected algorithms and data structures including using an object-oriented programming language [VCDTD053] | Evaluate critically how well student-developed solutions and existing information systems and policies take account of future risks and sustainability and provide opportunities for innovation [VCDTD054] | | | | | | | | | |
| Sequence of Lessons / Unit | Semester/Year | CD | Achievement standard # | CD | Achievement standard # | CD | Achievement standard # | CD | Achievement standard # | CD | Achievement standard # | CD | Achievement standard # | CD | Achievement standard # | CD | Achievement standard # | CD | Achievement standard # |
| Network Theory | Semester 1 / Year 9 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| Imaging Editing | Semester 1 / Year 9 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| Community Project | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| a. Research and data collection | Semester 1 / Year 9 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 3 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| b. Creating posters | Semester 1 / Year 9 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 3 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| Programming Project | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| a. Project management | Semester 1 / Year 10 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 4 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| b. Analysis - Requirements | Semester 1 / Year 10 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 5 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| c. Design & development | Semester 1 / Year 10 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 6 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 6 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 6 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 6 |
| d. Evaluation | Semester 1 / Year 10 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 7 |

Levels 7 and 8 Achievement Standard

By the end of Level 8

- Students distinguish between different types of networks and their suitability in meeting defined purposes.
- Students explain how text, image and sound data can be represented and secured in digital systems and presented using digital systems.
- They analyse and evaluate data from a range of sources to model solutions and create information.
- They manage the collaborative creation of interactive ideas, information and projects and use appropriate codes of conduct when communicating online.
- Students define and decompose problems in terms of functional requirements and constraints.
- They design user experiences and algorithms incorporating branching and iterations, and develop, test, and modify digital solutions.
- Students evaluate information systems and their solutions in terms of meeting needs, innovation and sustainability.

Levels 9 and 10 Achievement Standard

Separated by line. Number in brackets, e.g. (3), can be used as an identifier in various parts of the template.

By the end of Level 10

- Students explain the control and management of networked digital systems and the data security implications of the interaction between hardware, software and users. (1)
- Students explain simple data compression, and why content data are separated from presentation. (2)
- They take account of privacy and security requirements when selecting and validating data and use digital systems to analyse, visualise and model salient aspects of data. (3)
- Students share and collaborate online, establishing protocols for the legal and safe use, transmission and maintenance of data and projects. (4)
- Students define and decompose complex problems in terms of functional and non-functional requirements. (5)
- They design and evaluate user experiences and algorithms, and develop and test modular programs, including an object-oriented program. (6)
- Students evaluate their solutions and information systems in terms of risk, sustainability and potential for innovation. (7)

Level 9 Assessments

| Unit (Title) | Assessment | Achievement Standard/s |
|--|---|------------------------|
| Network Theory | Case study and network diagram using MS Visio | 1 |
| Imaging Editing | Written report and series of manipulated images demonstrating an understanding of compression | 2 |
| Community Project a. Research and data collection | Written report and questionnaire - Research into a community issue | 3 |
| Community Project b. Creating posters | Posters promoting community issues using software | 3 |

Level 10 Assessments

| Unit (Title) | Assessment | Achievement Standard/s |
|---|--|------------------------|
| Programming Project a. Project management | Project management plan - Gantt chart and evidence of online collaboration | 4 |
| Programming Project b. Analysis - Requirements | Written Report - Discussion of software solution requirements | 5 |
| Programming Project c. Design and development | Mock-ups, algorithms, testing table and software solution | 6 |
| Programming Project d. Evaluation | Written report - Student evaluation of how software solution met requirements | 7 |

Curriculum Area Plans

Digital Technologies Curriculum Area Plan

Curriculum Area Plan: Digital Technologies - Years 9 and 10 (Sample Program 3)

| Week | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 |
|---------|------------|---|---|---|---|--|--------------------------|----------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|----|--|----|----|----|--|----|----|----|
| Year 9 | Semester 1 | Role of hardware, software, data and networks - 9.1.1 | | | | | Data compression - 9.1.2 | | | | | Techniques for acquiring data - 9.1.3 | | | | Analyse and visualise data - 9.1.4 | | | |
| | Semester 2 | Network Theory | | | | | Image Editing | | | | | Community Project a. Research and data collection | | | | Community Project b. Creating posters | | | |
| Year 10 | Semester 1 | Manage and collaborate - 10.1.1 | | Decompose problems - 10.1.2 | | Design user experience - 10.1.3 | | Design algorithms - 10.1.4 | | Develop modular programs - 10.1.5 | | | | | | Evaluate solutions - 10.1.6 | | | |
| | Semester 2 | Programming Project a. Project management | | Programming Project b. Analysis - Requirements | | Programming Project c. Design and development | | | | | | Programming Project d. Evaluation | | | | | | | |
| Week | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 |

* Based on 3 x 45 minutes teaching time per week

Key

Digital Systems

Data and Information

Creating Digital Solutions

Topic, level, semester, sequence

Professional Learning with VCAA Specialist Teachers

Professional learning opportunities

Foundation – 10 Curriculum

Curriculum planning and assessment

Curriculum area advice

[Professional learning](#)

Frequently asked questions

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Victorian Curriculum
Foundation–10

Professional learning

- [Current professional learning opportunities](#)
- [Past professional learning sessions](#)

Current professional learning opportunities

Professional learning opportunities designed to support schools and teachers familiarise themselves with the Victorian Curriculum F-10 are now available. Deep familiarisation with the Victorian Curriculum F-10 is essential to enable the development of a comprehensive teaching and learning program.

Two series of professional learning will be made available. These series include opportunities to explore the elements of quality curriculum planning, and have been made available to all Victorian schools, across all sectors.

Specialist Teachers - peer-to-peer learning

The first series of professional learning, as part of the Education State Initiative and supported by the Department of Education, is being offered across the state as a variety of face-to-face workshops and online sessions, delivered by Specialist Teachers. Groups of schools can also request additional sessions relevant to their needs.

[Click here to register or request a session](#)

VCAA facilitated online professional learning

The second series of professional learning is offered by Curriculum Managers from the VCAA and stakeholders from a variety of organisations to continue supporting the implementation of the Victorian Curriculum F-10. These sessions are only offered online.

[View the complete set of sessions here.](#)

Types of sessions

Professional Learning Menu

| | | |
|---|--|--|
| Civics* | Critical and Creative Thinking | Digital Coding |
| Ethical Capability | Financial Literacy | Health Education and Personal and Social Capability* |
| Literacy in the Early Years | Music* | STEM |

Devices in the Digital Technologies Curriculum (7-10)


This full-day workshop will be for teachers of the Digital Technologies curriculum from 7-10 wanting to support the use of digital devices in their classrooms. They will become familiar with the use of the devices, computational thinking, use across the strands and approaches to teaching with them. This workshop will be suitable for all 7-10 teachers.

Outline:

- Use of devices to support curriculum implementation
- Computational thinking
- Strands
- Approaches to teaching

Participants are required to bring laptops and/or any relevant digital devices.

Rosanna
(or close proximity)

Wednesday
7 March
9:00am-3:30pm
[Book Now](#) 

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The Digital Technologies Curriculum F-10

DLTV Webinar
Thursday 8th February 2018

Darrel Branson

VCAA Specialist Teacher
(Digital Technologies)

Mildura West Primary School

Steve Allen

VCAA Specialist Teacher
(Digital Technologies)

Glenroy West Primary School

Who is with us today?

- Are you from Primary, Secondary or F-12?
- Are you participating individually or with a group?
- In which sector do you teach? Public, Catholic or Independent?

What to Expect in this Session

- Introduction to the Digital Technologies Curriculum
 - What is Digital Technologies
 - Key Concepts
 - Ways of Thinking
- Accessing Curriculum Materials
- Strands
- Curriculum Planning
- Digital Devices
- Resources

Digital Technologies Curriculum

What is Digital Technologies?

- Curriculum area within the Victorian Curriculum that provides students with the opportunity to develop **computational thinking, design thinking and systems thinking**.
- Students will become familiar with identifying the **digital systems** around them, how those systems interact and communicate in **networks**, and how **data is collected, stored and transmitted**.
- As their understanding develops, students will **design, create and evaluate** their own digital solutions through the use of **programming languages**.

What is Digital Technologies?

- Thinking underpins the Digital Technologies curriculum.
- There are elements of coding throughout the curriculum. But only 4 out of 42 Content Descriptions from F - 10 specifically address students coding.
- Many aspects can be explored with Unplugged activities (without the use of devices or computers).

Aims of the Digital Technologies Curriculum

Aims of the Curriculum

- design, create, manage and evaluate ... digital solutions
- use computational thinking and key concepts of **abstraction; data collection, representation and interpretation, specification, algorithms and implementation**
- confidently use **digital information systems**
- apply **protocols** and **legal practices** that support **safe, ethical** and **respectful** communications and **collaboration** with audiences
- apply **systems thinking** to **monitor, analyse, predict and shape interactions** between information systems

Progression of Programming Languages F-10

Visual Programming (Levels 3-6)

- Block based, for example:
 - Scratch or other block based programming software

General Purpose (Levels 7-8)

- Text based language, for example:
 - Python
 - Java Script
 - Visual Basic

Object Oriented (Levels 9-10)

- With graphical user interfaces, for example:
 - Visual Basic
 - C++

Consider the Context of your School

- Are you currently teaching Digital Technologies?
- Are you teaching as a specialist teacher or as a classroom teacher?
- How is Digital Technologies being offered in your school?

An Important Distinction



Information and Communication Technologies (ICT) are powerful tools that can support student learning across curriculum.

Students can develop and demonstrate their understanding of concepts and content in Digital Technologies through using a range of ICT tools and skills.

It is also important that students know how to use these ICT efficiently and responsibly, as well as learning how to protect themselves and secure their data.

Why Digital Technologies?

- Specific Ways of Thinking – much of curriculum area is underpinned by computational thinking
- Problem solving
- Students as developers of innovative and creative digital solutions

Why Digital Technologies?

FROM

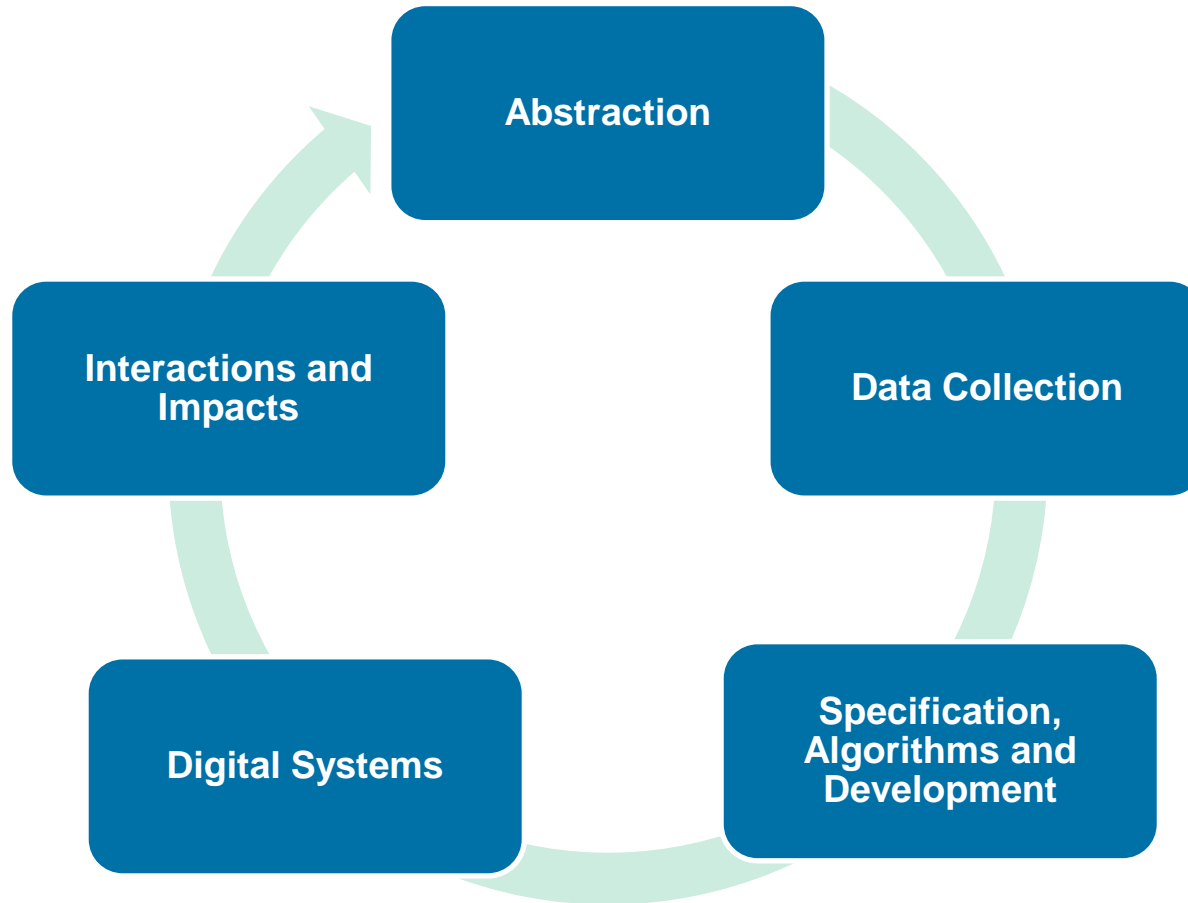
Users and
Consumers

TO

Creative Problem
Solvers

Key Concepts

Key Concepts



<http://victoriancurriculum.vcaa.vic.edu.au/technologies/digital-technologies/introduction/learning-in-digital-technologies>

Abstraction

Reducing complexity in problems by ignoring details.

A range of situations:

- Comparing months (March, August), numbers of cars passing the school in an hour, temperature overnight...

All could use the same comparison:

Is $8 > 3$?

Data collection, representation and interpretation

Collecting data such as user input - clicking buttons, pressing key, microphone detecting level of sound, matching a password to stored user credentials...

Data from sensors - temperature, light, sound, motion

Representation - visualising data, how it is shown back to a user

Interpretation - presenting data in context so information can be created.

Specification, algorithms and development

Specification - defining (decomposing) a problem precisely and clearly

Algorithm - sequence of steps and decisions (yes/no, true/false) needed to solve a problem

Development - creation of the digital solution, an iterative process of testing and reviewing

Digital systems

Hardware - the components and peripheral devices that make up a digital system

Software - the operating system and programs that provide instructions

Networks - digital devices that are connected to transmit data via wireless, wired and mobile means

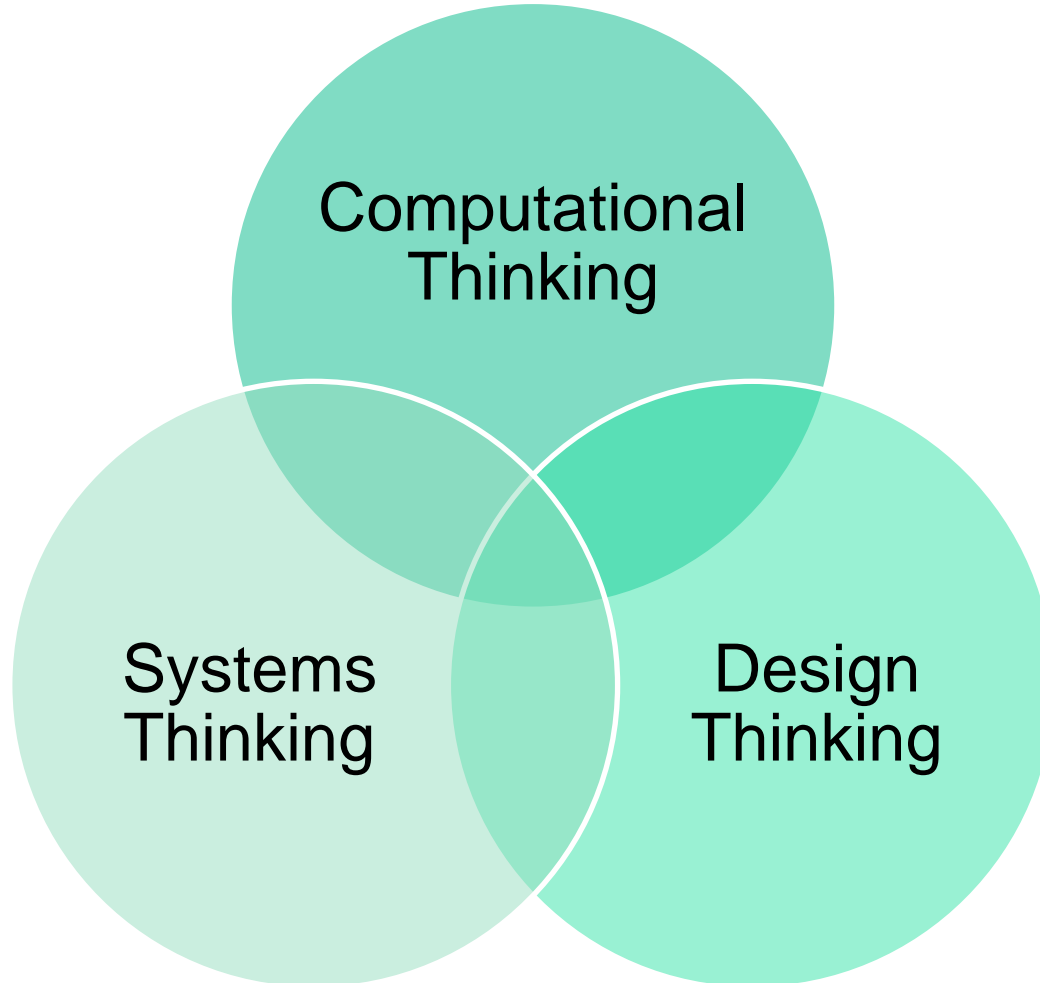
Interactions and impacts

Interactions - how are people able to successfully use the digital solution? Are there assumptions about ability or knowledge intended audience?

Impacts - environmental, social and economic ramifications from the use of a digital system including ethical and legal obligations concerning data

Ways of Thinking

Ways of Thinking



Computational Thinking

An approach that involves breaking down problems into the smallest discrete parts, identifying and organising the data needed to solve the problem, and creating step by step sequences of instructions for implementing a solution.

Decomposition - breaking down the problem

Data - user input, gathered by sensors, time, duration, conditions...

Algorithm - sequence of instructions

Design Thinking

Using circumstances, events or identified problems to imagine creative and innovative solutions.

The process of generating ideas when developing a solution:

- What if we...
- Wouldn't it be great if..
- How about...
- Why don't we...

Visualise the solutions - draw, sketch, mock-up, prototype, justify, evaluate.


“Is there a better way?”

Systems Thinking

- Exploring the connections and interactions between components, devices and people
- Interactions of components or resources within one digital system (could involve peripheral devices)
- Interactions of digital systems within networks or information systems (intended vs unintended outputs)
- Interactions of people with digital systems
- Impacts of digital systems on individuals, groups and society in general

Accessing the Digital Technologies Curriculum

Digital Technologies

[Introduction](#) [Curriculum](#) 

Rationale and Aims

[Structure](#)[Learning in Digital Technologies](#)[Scope and Sequence](#)[Resources](#)[Glossary](#)

Rationale and Aims

 [Print this page](#)

Rationale

The Digital Technologies curriculum enables students to become confident and creative developers of digital solutions through the application of information systems and specific ways of thinking about problem solving.

Students acquire a deep knowledge and understanding of digital systems, data and information and the processes associated with creating digital solutions so they can take up an active role in meeting current and future needs.

The curriculum has been designed to provide practical opportunities for students to explore the capacity of information systems to systematically and innovatively transform data into digital solutions through the application of computational, design and systems thinking.

<http://victoriancurriculum.vcaa.vic.edu.au/technologies/digital-technologies/introduction/rationale-and-aims>

Curriculum

Digital Technologies

Introduction Curriculum

Filter Showing all levels Showing all strands Apply filters Clear filters

View Show Level descriptions Content descriptions Achievement standards Print this page

← Previous

Foundation to Level 2 Description

Foundation to Level 2 Description
In Foundation to Level 2, students are introduced to common digital systems and patterns that exist within data they collect. Students organise, manipulate and present this data, including numerical, categorical, text, image, audio and video data, in creative ways to create meaning.
[Show more](#)

Foundation to Level 2 Description
Students use the concept of abstraction when defining problems, to identify the most important information. They begin to develop their design thinking skills by conceptualising algorithms as a sequence of steps for carrying out instructions, such as identifying steps in a process or controlling robotic devices. Students describe how information systems meet information, communication and recreation needs.

Foundation to Level 2 Description
Through discussion with teachers, students learn to apply safe practices to protect themselves and others as they interact online for learning and communicating.

Foundation to Level 2 Description
Across the band, students will have had the opportunity to create a range of digital solutions through guided play and integrated learning, such as using robotic toys to navigate a map or recording science data with software applications.
[Show less](#)

Foundation to Level 2 Description
and user input (algorithms) needed to solve them (VCDTCD023)

Foundation to Level 2 Description
to identify similarities (VCDTCD030)

Show More

<http://victoriancurriculum.vcaa.vic.edu.au/technologies/digital-technologies/curriculum/f-10#level=3-4>

Content Descriptions

Digital Technologies

Introduction **Curriculum**

Filter

View Show Level descriptions Content descriptions Achievement standards

◀ Previous A B C D F-2 3-4 5-6 7-8 9-10 Next ▶

| Foundation to Level 2 | Levels 3 and 4 | Levels 5 and 6 |
|---|---|---|
| <p>Foundation to Level 2 Description</p> <p>In Foundation to Level 2, students are introduced to common digital systems and patterns that exist within data they collect. Students organise, manipulate and present this data, including numerical...</p> <p>Show more</p> <hr/> <p>Foundation to Level 2 Content Descriptions</p> <hr/> <p>Digital Systems</p> <hr/> <p>Identify and explore digital systems (hardware and software components) for a purpose (VCDTDS013)</p> <hr/> <p>Data and Information</p> | <p>Levels 3 and 4 Description</p> <p>In Levels 3 and 4, students explore digital systems in terms of their components and peripheral devices such as digital microscopes, cameras and interactive whiteboards. They collect, manipulate...</p> <p>Show more</p> <hr/> <p>Levels 3 and 4 Content Descriptions</p> <hr/> <p>Digital Systems</p> <hr/> <p>Explore a range of digital systems with peripheral devices for different purposes, and transmit different types of data (VCDTDS019)</p> <hr/> <p>Data and Information</p> | <p>Levels 5 and 6 Description</p> <p>In Levels 5 and 6, students develop an understanding of the role individual components of digital systems play in the processing and representation of data. They acquire, validate, interpret, track...</p> <p>Show more</p> <hr/> <p>Levels 5 and 6 Content Descriptions</p> <hr/> <p>Digital Systems</p> <hr/> <p>Examine the main components of common digital systems, and how such digital systems may connect together to form networks to transmit data (VCDTDS026)</p> <hr/> <p>Data and Information</p> |

Content Description Code

Digital Systems F-2

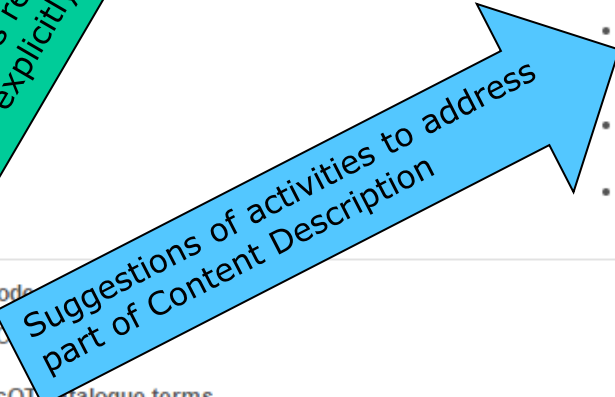

Level 2 / Digital Systems

Digital Technologies / Foundation to Level 2 / Digital Systems

| Content description | Elaborations |
|---|---|
| Identify and explore digital systems (hardware and software components) for a purpose | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• playing with and using different digital systems for transferring and capturing data, for example using a tablet to take a photograph of a grandparent and recording an interview with them about life in the past• exploring and using digital systems for downloading and storing information, for example knowing how to download images from a website and insert them into a document• exploring and identifying hardware and software components of digital systems when creating ideas and information, for example experimenting with different ways of providing instructions to games software using a mouse, touch pad, touch screen, keyboard, stylus• recognising and using hardware and software components of digital systems and experimenting with their functions, for example playing with interactive toys and robotic devices to determine which ones can work with other devices• recognising that a digital system follows instructions or commands, for example instructing robotic toys to perform a function such as a dance movement• constructing a model of a real or imaginary digital systems device for use in role-play scenarios and explaining the features of the device to an adult |

Code
VO

ScOT catalogue terms
[Computers](#); [Computer programs](#); [Interfaces \(ICT\)](#)



Scope and Sequence F-10

| Levels | Digital Technologies: Foundation – Level 10 | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|---|---|
| | Foundation – Level 2 | Levels 3 and 4 | Levels 5 and 6 | Levels 7 and 8 | Levels 9 and 10 |
| Strands | Digital Systems | | | | |
| | Identify and explore digital systems (hardware and software components) for a purpose | Explore a range of digital systems with peripheral devices for different purposes, and transmit different types of data | Examine the main components of common digital systems and how such digital systems may connect together to form networks to transmit data | Investigate how data are transmitted and secured in wired, wireless and mobile networks | Investigate the role of hardware and software in managing, controlling and securing the movement of and access to data in networked digital systems |
| | Data and information: Recognise and explore patterns in data and represent data as pictures, symbols and diagrams | Recognise different types of data and explore how the same data can be represented in different ways | Examine how whole numbers are used as the basis for representing all types of data in digital systems | Investigate how digital systems represent text, image and sound data in binary | Analyse simple compression of data and how content data are separated from presentation |
| | Collect, explore and sort data, and use digital systems to present the data creatively | Collect, access and present different types of data using simple software to create information and solve problems | Acquire, store and validate different types of data and use a range of software to interpret and visualise data to create information | Acquire data from a range of sources and evaluate their authenticity, accuracy and timeliness | Develop techniques for acquiring, storing and validating quantitative and qualitative data from a range of sources, considering privacy and security requirements |
| | Independently and with others create and organise ideas and information using information systems, and share these with known people in safe online environments | Individually and with others, plan, create and communicate ideas and information safely, applying agreed ethical and social protocols | Plan, create and communicate ideas, information and online collaborative projects, applying agreed ethical, social and technical protocols | Analyse and visualise data using a range of software to create information, and use structured data to model objects or events | Analyse and visualise data to create information and address complex problems, and model processes, entities and their relationships using structured data |
| | Creating Digital Solutions | | | | |
| Follow, describe and represent a sequence of steps and decisions (algorithms) needed to solve simple problems | Define simple problems, and describe and follow a sequence of steps and decisions involving branching and user input (algorithms) needed to solve them | Define problems in terms of data and functional requirements, drawing on previously solved problems to identify similarities | Design a user interface for a digital system, generating and considering alternative design ideas | Design algorithms represented diagrammatically and in English, and trace algorithms to predict output for a given input and to identify errors | |
| | | | Develop and modify programs with user interfaces involving branching, iteration and functions using a general-purpose programming language | Develop modular programs, applying selected algorithms and data structures including using an object-oriented programming language | |
| Explore how people safely use common information systems to meet information, communication and recreation needs | Develop simple solutions as visual programs | Develop digital solutions as simple visual programs | Evaluate how well student-developed solutions and existing information systems meet needs, are innovative and take account of future risks and sustainability | Evaluate critically how well student-developed solutions and existing information systems and policies take account of future risks and sustainability and provide opportunities for innovation | |
| Achievement Standard | | | | | |
| By the end of Level 2, students identify how common digital systems are used to meet specific purposes. Students use digital systems to represent simple patterns in data in different ways and collect familiar data and display them to convey meaning. Students design solutions to simple problems using a sequence of steps and decisions. They create and organise ideas and information using information systems and share these in safe online environments. | By the end of Level 4, students describe how a range of digital systems and their peripheral devices can be used for different purposes. Students explain how the same data sets can be represented in different ways. They collect and manipulate different data when creating information and digital solutions. They plan and safely use information systems when creating and communicating ideas and information, applying agreed protocols. Students define simple problems, and describe digital solutions using algorithms involving decision-making and user input. They design and test their solutions and explain their purposes. | By the end of Level 6, students explain the functions of digital system components and how digital systems are connected to form networks that transmit data. Students explain how digital systems use whole numbers as a basis for representing a variety of data types. They manage the creation and communication of ideas, information and digital projects collaboratively using validated data and agreed protocols. Students define problems in terms of data and functional requirements and design solutions by developing algorithms to address the problems. They incorporate decision-making, repetition and user interface design into their designs and develop their digital solutions, including a visual program. Students explain how information systems and their developed solutions meet current and future needs taking sustainability into account. | By the end of Level 8, students distinguish between different types of networks and their suitability in meeting defined purposes. Students explain how text, image and sound data can be represented and secured in digital systems and presented using digital systems. They analyse and evaluate data from a range of sources to model solutions and create information. They manage the collaborative creation of interactive ideas, information and projects and use appropriate codes of conduct when communicating online. Students define and decompose problems in terms of functional requirements and constraints. They design user experiences and algorithms incorporating branching and iterations, and develop, test, and modify digital solutions. Students evaluate information systems and their solutions in terms of meeting needs, innovation and sustainability. | By the end of Level 10, students explain the control and management of networked digital systems and the data security implications of the interaction between hardware, software and users. Students explain simple data compression, and why content data are separated from presentation. They take account of privacy and security requirements when selecting and validating data and use digital systems to analyse, visualise and model salient aspects of data. Students share and collaborate online, establishing protocols for the legal and safe use, transmission and maintenance of data and projects. Students define and decompose complex problems in terms of functional and non-functional requirements. They design and evaluate user experiences and algorithms, and develop and test modular programs, including an object-oriented program. Students evaluate their solutions and information systems in terms of risk, sustainability and potential for innovation. | |

Achievement Standards

Content Descriptions

Strands

Strands F-10

| Digital Systems | Data and Information | Creating Digital Solutions |
|---|--|---|
| <p>Focuses on the hardware, software and network components of digital systems. Students initially learn about a range of hardware and software, and progress to an understanding of how data are transmitted between components within a system, and how the hardware and software interact to form networks.</p> | <p>Focuses on the properties of data, how they are collected and represented, and how they are interpreted in context to produce information. Students learn how data are represented and structured symbolically for use by digital systems, as well as techniques for collecting, managing and organising data that is used to solve problems and create and communicate ideas and information.</p> | <p>Explores the interrelated processes and associated skills by which students create digital solutions. Students engage in the four processes of analysing, designing, developing and evaluating. Creating Digital Solutions requires skills in using digital systems and computational, design and systems thinking, and interacting safely by using appropriate technical and social protocols.</p> |

Digital Systems

FREE SOFTWARE



networks

Data and Information

data integrity

representing data

projects

Creating Digital Solutions

analysing

designing

developing

evaluating

Digital Systems Levels F-10

F-2

- Identify and explore digital systems (hardware and software components) for a purpose

3 and 4

- Explore a range of digital systems with peripheral devices for different purposes, and transmit different types of data

5 and 6

- Examine the main components of common digital systems, and how such systems may connect together to form networks to transmit data

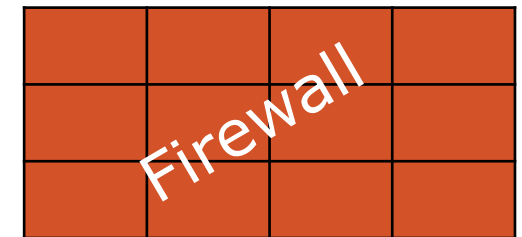
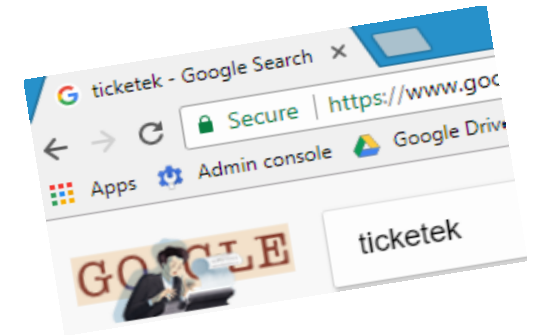
7 and 8

- Investigate how data are transmitted and secured in wired and wireless and mobile networks

9 and 10

- Investigate the role of hardware and software in managing, controlling and securing the movement of and access to data in networked digital solutions.

Example: Digital Systems



F - 2 →

3 - 4 →

5 - 6 →

7-10

Image credits: Eduard Schaeppman & Megan van der Velden

Data and Information Levels F-6

| Levels F-2 | Levels 3 and 4 | Levels 5 and 6 |
|--|--|--|
| <p>Recognise and explore patterns in data and represent data as pictures, symbols and diagrams</p> | <p>Recognise different types of data and explore how the same data can be represented in different ways</p> | <p>Examine how whole numbers are used as the basis for representing all types of data in digital systems</p> |
| <p>Collect, explore and sort data, and use digital systems to present the data creatively</p> | <p>Collect, access and present different types of data using simple software to create information and solve problems</p> | <p>Acquire, store and validate different types of data and use a range of software to interpret and visualise data to create information</p> |
| <p>Independently and with others create and organise ideas and information using information systems, and share these with known people in safe online environments</p> | <p>Individually and with others, plan, create and communicate ideas and information safely, applying agreed ethical and social protocols)</p> | <p>Plan, create and communicate ideas, information and online collaborative projects, applying agreed ethical, social and technical protocols</p> |

Data and Information Levels 7-10

| Levels 7-8 | Levels 9-10 |
|--|--|
| <p>Investigate how digital systems represent text, image and sound data in binary</p> <p>Acquire data from a range of sources and evaluate their authenticity, accuracy and timeliness</p> <p>Analyse and visualise data using a range of software to create information, and use structured data to model objects or events</p> <p>Manage, create and communicate interactive ideas, information and projects collaboratively online, taking safety and social contexts into account</p> | <p>Analyse simple compression of data and how content data are separated from presentation</p> <p>Develop techniques for acquiring, storing and validating quantitative and qualitative data from a range of sources, considering privacy and security requirements</p> <p>Analyse and visualise data to create information and address complex problems, and model processes, entities and their relationships using structured data</p> <p>Manage and collaboratively create interactive solutions for sharing ideas and information online, taking into account social contexts and legal responsibilities</p> |

Example: Representing Data

Representing data

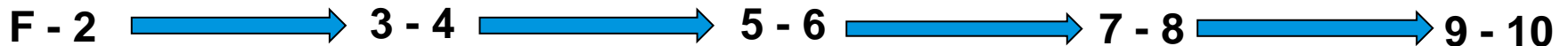
| | A | B | C | D | E | F |
|---|------------------|----|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Travel to school | | | | | |
| 2 | Walk | 4 | | | | |
| 3 | Scooter | 1 | | | | |
| 4 | Bike | 2 | | | | |
| 5 | Car | 15 | | | | |

Travel to school - Pie chart

- Walk: 18.2%
- Scooter: 3.1%
- Bike: 9.1%
- Car: 68.2%

MP3 vs WAV
JPG vs TIFF

Image credits: Steve Allen & Eduard Schaepman



Creating Digital Solutions Levels F-6

| Levels F-2 | Levels 3 and 4 | Levels 5 and 6 |
|--|--|---|
| <p>Follow, describe and represent a sequence of steps and decisions (algorithms) needed to solve simple problems</p> <p>Explore how people safely use common information systems to meet information, communication and recreation needs</p> | <p>Define problems in terms of functional requirements</p> <p>Design a user interface</p> <p>Develop algorithms with branching and iteration</p> <p>Develop simple visual programs</p> <p>Explain how student-developed solutions meet needs</p> | <p>Define problems in terms of data and functional requirements, drawing on previously solved problems to identify similarities</p> <p>Design a user interface for a digital system, generating and considering alternative design ideas</p> <p>Design, modify and follow simple algorithms represented diagrammatically and in English, involving sequences of steps, branching, and iteration</p> <p>Develop digital solutions as simple visual programs</p> <p>Explain how student-developed solutions and existing information systems meet current and future community and sustainability needs</p> |

Creating Digital Solutions Levels 7-10

Levels 7 and 8

Define and decompose real-world problems taking into account **functional requirements** and **sustainability** (economic, environmental, social), technical and usability constraints

Design the **user experience** of a digital system, generating, evaluating and communicating alternative designs

Design **algorithms represented diagrammatically and in English**, and trace algorithms to **predict output for a given input** and to identify errors

Develop and modify programs with user interfaces **involving branching, iteration and functions** using a **general-purpose programming language**

Evaluate how well student-developed solutions and existing information systems meet needs, are innovative and take account of future risks and sustainability

Levels 9 and 10

Define and decompose real-world problems precisely, taking into account **functional and non-functional requirements** and including interviewing **stakeholders to identify needs**

Design the user experience of a digital system, **evaluating alternative designs against criteria including functionality, accessibility, usability and aesthetics**

Design algorithms represented diagrammatically and in **structured English** and **validate** algorithms and programs through **tracing and test cases**

Develop **modular programs**, applying selected algorithms and data structures including using an **object-oriented programming language**

Evaluate **critically** how well student-developed solutions and existing information systems and **policies** take account of future risks and sustainability and provide opportunities for **innovation**

Creating Digital Solutions

Explores processes and skills by which students *create digital solutions*

Four stages:

- **Analysing**
- **Designing**
- **Developing**
- **Evaluating**

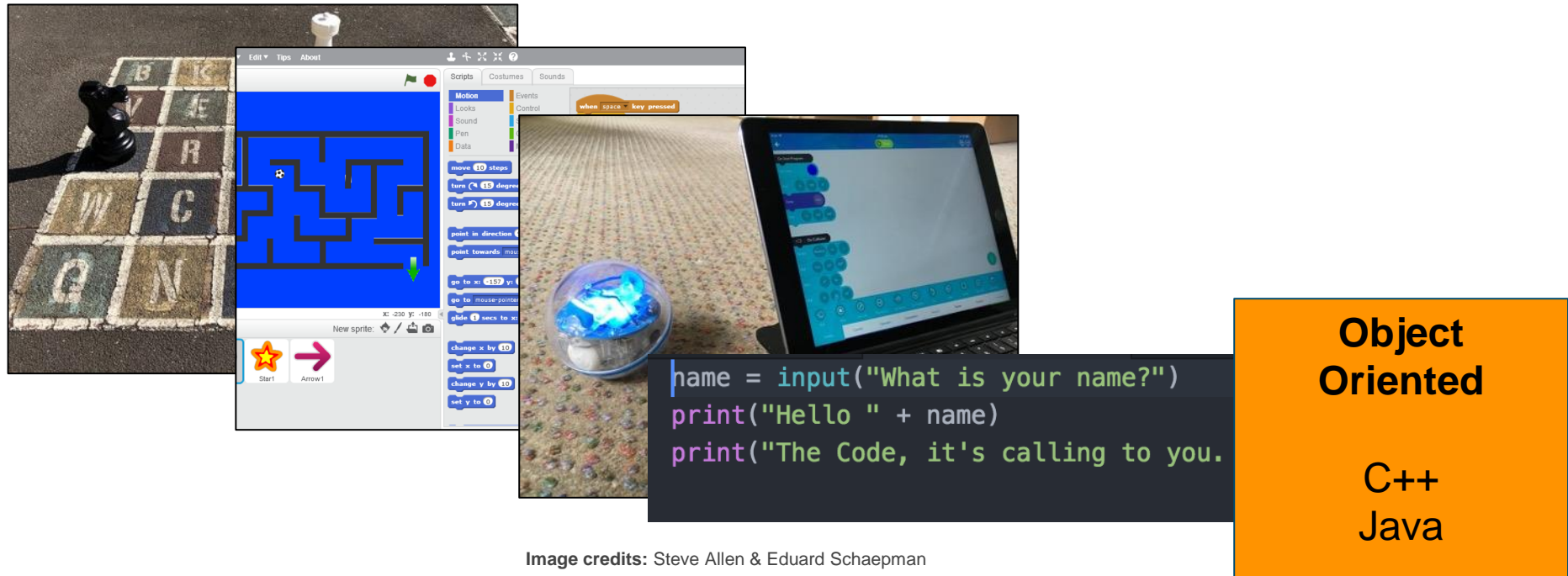


**Problem Solving
Methodology**

Creating Digital Solutions requires:

- skills in using digital systems
- different ways of thinking (computational, design and systems thinking)
- interacting safely by using appropriate
- technical and social protocols.

Example: Creating an algorithm



The collage includes:

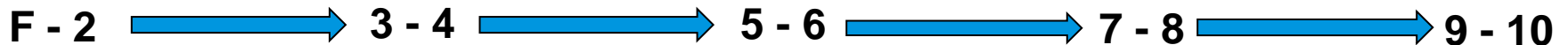
- A chessboard with a knight on a square labeled 'V'.
- A maze on a blue background.
- A Scratch script editor showing a 'when space key pressed' event and a 'say Hello for 2 secs' block.
- A blue robot on a carpet.
- A tablet displaying code:

```
name = input("What is your name?")  
print("Hello " + name)  
print("The Code, it's calling to you.")
```

Object Oriented

C++
Java

Image credits: Steve Allen & Eduard Schaepman



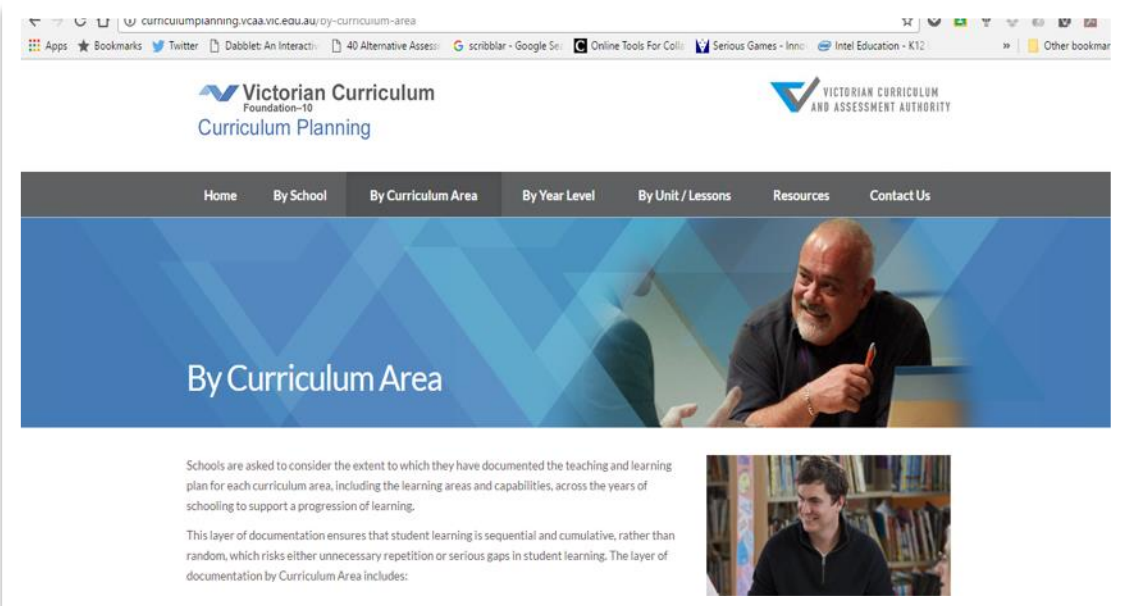
Curriculum Planning

Curriculum Planning

Four areas:

- School
- Curriculum Area
- Year Level
- Unit/Lessons

Read in conjunction
with Revised F-10
Curriculum Planning
and Reporting
Guidelines



The screenshot shows the website curriculumplanning.vcaa.vic.edu.au/by-curriculum-area. The page features the Victorian Curriculum Foundation-10 logo and the Victorian Curriculum and Assessment Authority logo. A navigation menu includes Home, By School, By Curriculum Area (selected), By Year Level, By Unit / Lessons, Resources, and Contact Us. The main content area has a blue background with a photo of a man and the text "By Curriculum Area". Below this, there is a paragraph explaining that schools are asked to consider the extent to which they have documented the teaching and learning plan for each curriculum area, including the learning areas and capabilities, across the years of schooling to support a progression of learning. A smaller photo of a man is also visible.

<http://curriculumplanning.vcaa.vic.edu.au/>

<http://www.vcaa.vic.edu.au/Documents/viccurric/RevisedF-10CurriculumPlanningReportingGuidelines.pdf>

Sample Program Levels 7 and 8

Digital Technologies Curriculum Area Plan

Curriculum Area Plan: Digital Technologies - Years 7 and 8 (Sample Program 3)

| Week | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 |
|--------|------------|------------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|---|---|-------------------------------------|--|----|----|--|----|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|----|----|----|
| Year 7 | Semester 1 | Data transmission – 7.1.1 | | | Digital systems investigation – 7.1.2 | | | Acquiring data – 7.1.3 | | Analyse and visualise data – 7.1.4 | | | Manage, create and communicate ideas – 7.1.5 | | | | | | |
| | | Network project | | | Imaging | | | Issues Project a. Research and data collection | | Issues Project b. Developing charts with spreadsheets | | | Web authoring | | | | | | |
| Year 8 | Semester 1 | Decompose problems – 8.1.1 | | Design user experience – 8.1.2 | | Design algorithms – 8.1.3 | | | Develop and modify programs – 8.1.4 | | | | | | Evaluate solutions – 8.1.5 | | | | |
| | | Programming Project a. Analysis | | Programming Project b. Design | | | | | | Programming Project c. Development | | | | | | Programming Project d. Evaluation | | | |
| | Semester 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Week | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 |

* Based on 2 x 45 minutes teaching time per week

| | | | | |
|-----|---|--|--|--|
| Key |  Digital Systems |  Data and Information |  Creating Digital Solutions |  Topic, level, semester, sequence |
|-----|---|--|--|--|

Curriculum Area Plans

Sample program plans and coverage maps

There is no one set way that a school could develop their teaching and learning program. Teachers and schools have the flexibility to create teaching and learning plans that respond to the needs of their students.











The following samples show how a school could conceptualise units of work to cover the content and to assess against the achievement standards in a two year planning cycle.

These resources contain two parts:

- Program planning templates
This demonstrates coverage of the content descriptions in a number of units taught across a two year planning cycle. Each unit is linked to extracts from the achievement standard and outlines assessment strategies.
- Curriculum Area plans
This provides a visual representation of how the Digital Technologies curriculum will be covered across two years, showing the units by topic, the sequencing of the topics, the coverage of the three strands within the Digital Technologies curriculum and the time allocated to each strand and unit.

These two planning components are interrelated. Each provides a different perspective on the teaching and learning program. Both types of plans are important to consider when making decisions about the best way to deliver the curriculum in each school context.

 [DigiTech_CPT_annotated_example \(pdf - 1,005.83kb\)](#)

| YR/LvL | Program Planning Template | Curriculum Area Plan |
|--------|---|--|
| F-2 |  DigiTech_CPT_F-2 (docx - 181.53kb) |  DigiTech_P-2_Curriculum_Area_Plan (docx - 84.79kb) |
| 3-4 |  DigiTech_CPT_3-4 (docx - 232.05kb) |  DigiTech_3-4_Curriculum_Area_Plan (docx - 75.08kb) |
| 5-6 |  DigiTech_CPT_5-6 (docx - 373.6kb) |  DigiTech_5-6_Curriculum_Area_Plan (docx - 76.12kb) |
| 7-8 |  DigiTech_CPT_7-8 (docx - 428.75kb) |  DigiTech_7-8_Curriculum_Area_Plan (docx - 73.88kb) |
| 9-10 |  DigiTech_CPT_9-10 (docx - 340.31kb) |  DigiTech_9-10_Curriculum_Area_Plan (docx - 71.1kb) |

<http://www.vcaa.vic.edu.au/Pages/foundation10/viccurriculum/digitech/teachresources.aspx>

Curriculum Planning Template

- Templates from VCAA website – downloadable documents

<http://www.vcaa.vic.edu.au/Pages/foundation10/viccurriculum/digitech/digitechcmt.aspx>

- Authentic links to other curriculum areas

Victorian Curriculum
Assessment

Curriculum Planning Template: Digital Technologies 7-8 (Sample Program 1)

Instruction: List the title of the unit of work in the first column and then tick the check box of the content descriptor(s) addressed by it, which can be done electronically. Once completed, fill out the 'Assessment' table. For detailed notes regarding the purpose of this template and further instructions for completion, refer [here](#).

| Strand | Digital Systems | Data and Information | | | | Creating Digital Solutions | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---|--|---|--|---|---|---|---|--|------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| | | Investigate how digital systems represent text, image and sound data in binary (VCDT0001) | Acquire data from a range of sources and evaluate their authenticity, accuracy and timeliness (VCDT0002) | Organise and update data using a range of software to create information, and use structured data to model objects or events (VCDT0003) | Manage, create and communicate interactive data using a range of software to create information, and use structured data to model objects or events (VCDT0004) | Define and decompose real-world problems taking into account functional requirements and sustainability (economic, environmental, social, technical and usability constraints) (VCDT0005) | Design the user experience of a digital system, generating, evaluating and communicating alternative designs (VCDT0006) | Design algorithms represented diagrammatically and in English, and trace algorithms to predict output for a given input and to identify errors (VCDT0007) | Develop and modify programs with user interfaces involving branching, iteration and functions using a general-purpose programming language (VCDT0008) | Evaluate how well student-developed solutions and existing information systems meet needs, are innovative and take account of future risks and sustainability (VCDT0009) | | | | | | |
| Sequence of Lessons / Unit | Semester/ Year | CD | Achievement standard # | CD | Achievement standard # | CD | Achievement standard # | CD | Achievement standard # | CD | Achievement standard # | CD | Achievement standard # | CD | Achievement standard # | |
| Computer networks | Semester 1 / Year 7 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | |
| Data storage | Semester 1 / Year 7 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | |
| Data visualisations | Semester 1 / Year 7 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 3 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 4 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | |
| Requirements and user experiences | Semester 2 / Year 7 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 5 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 6 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | |
| Algorithms | Semester 2 / Year 7 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 6 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | |
| Programming | Semester 2 / Year 7 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 6 | |
| Product evaluation | Semester 2 / Year 7 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 7 |

Levels 5 and 6 Achievement Standard

By the end of Level 6

- Students explain the functions of digital system components and how digital systems are connected to form networks that transmit data.
- Students explain how digital systems use whole numbers as a basis for representing a variety of data types.
- They manage the creation and communication of ideas, information and digital projects collaboratively using validated data and agreed protocols.
- Students define problems in terms of data and functional requirements and design solutions by developing algorithms to address the problems.
- They incorporate decision-making, repetition and user interface design into their designs and develop their digital solutions, including a visual program.
- Students explain how information systems and their developed solutions meet current and future needs taking sustainability into account.

Levels 7 and 8 Achievement Standard

Separated by line. Number in brackets, e.g. [3], can be used as an identifier in various parts of the template.

By the end of Level 8

- Students distinguish between different types of networks and their suitability in meeting defined purposes. [1]
- Students explain how text, image and sound data can be represented and secured in digital systems and presented using digital systems. [2]
- They analyse and evaluate data from a range of sources to model solutions and create information. [3]
- They manage the collaborative creation of interactive ideas, information and projects and use appropriate codes of conduct when communicating online. [4]
- Students define and decompose problems in terms of functional requirements and constraints. [5]
- They design user experiences and algorithms incorporating branching and iterations, and develop, test, and modify digital solutions. [6]
- Students evaluate information systems and their solutions in terms of meeting needs, innovation and sustainability. [7]

Levels 9 and 10 Achievement Standard

By the end of Level 10

- Students explain the control and management of networked digital systems and the data security implications of the interaction between hardware, software and users.
- Students explain simple data compression, and why certain data are separated from presentation.
- They take account of privacy and security requirements when selecting and validating data and use digital systems to analyse, visualise and model salient aspects of data.
- Students share and collaborate online, establishing protocols for the legal and safe use, transmission and maintenance of data and projects.
- Students define and decompose complex problems in terms of functional and non-functional requirements.
- They design and evaluate user experiences and algorithms, and develop and test modular programs, including an object-oriented program.
- Students evaluate their solutions and information systems in terms of risk, sustainability and potential for innovation.

| Level 7 Assessments | | | Level 8 Assessments | | |
|---------------------|---|------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Unit (Title) | Assessment | Achievement Standard/s | Unit (Title) | Assessment | Achievement Standard/s |
| Computer networks | Report: Comparison of network types and purposes. | 1 | Requirements and user experiences | Folio: Requirements and user experiences. | 5, 6 |
| Data storage | Exercises and a test. | 2 | Algorithms | Folio: Flowcharts and pseudocode. | 6 |
| Data visualisations | Research task and report. | 3, 4 | Programming | Folio: Submission of programs and evidence of working robot tasks. | 6 |
| | | | Product evaluation | Web report: Evaluation of programming solution and working robot task. | 7 |

Program Planning Templates

Sample program plans and coverage maps

There is no one set way that a school could develop their teaching and learning program. Teachers and schools have the flexibility to create teaching and learning plans that respond to the needs of their students.










The following samples show how a school could conceptualise units of work to cover the content and to assess against the achievement standards in a two year planning cycle.

These resources contain two parts:

- **Program planning templates**
This demonstrates coverage of the content descriptions in a number of units taught across a two year planning cycle. Each unit is linked to extracts from the achievement standard and outlines assessment strategies.
- **Curriculum Area plans**
This provides a visual representation of how the Digital Technologies curriculum will be covered across two years, showing the units by topic, the sequencing of the topics, the coverage of the three strands within the Digital Technologies curriculum and the time allocated to each strand and unit.


These two planning components are interrelated. Each provides a different perspective on the teaching and learning program. Both types of plans are important to consider when making decisions about the best way to deliver the curriculum in each school context.

 [DigiTech_CPT_annotated_example \(pdf - 1,005.83kb\)](#)

| YR/LvL | Program Planning Template | Curriculum Area Plan |
|--------|---|--|
| F-2 |  DigiTech_CPT_F-2 (docx - 181.53kb) |  DigiTech_P-2_Curriculum_Area_Plan (docx - 84.79kb) |
| 3-4 |  DigiTech_CPT_3-4 (docx - 232.05kb) |  DigiTech_3-4_Curriculum_Area_Plan (docx - 75.08kb) |
| 5-6 |  DigiTech_CPT_5-6 (docx - 373.6kb) |  DigiTech_5-6_Curriculum_Area_Plan (docx - 76.12kb) |
| 7-8 |  DigiTech_CPT_7-8 (docx - 428.75kb) |  DigiTech_7-8_Curriculum_Area_Plan (docx - 73.88kb) |
| 9-10 |  DigiTech_CPT_9-10 (docx - 340.31kb) |  DigiTech_9-10_Curriculum_Area_Plan (docx - 71.1kb) |

<http://www.vcaa.vic.edu.au/Pages/foundation10/viccurriculum/digitech/teachresources.aspx>

Unpacking Content Descriptions

|  Digital Technologies: Unpacking the Content Descriptions | | FOUNDATION TO LEVEL 2 | |
|---|--|---|--|
| Strand | Creating Digital Solutions | Sample activities | |
| Content Description | Follow, describe and represent a sequence of steps and decisions (algorithms) needed to solve simple problems | Unplugged – without a digital device: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • following basic step-by-step instructions, such as a recipe • use of terminology: start, stop, forwards, backwards, left and right • using cards with arrows or symbols to create a simple algorithm • programming a class mate as a robot, for example developing instructions for another student to follow • following instructions and steps sequentially, including decision-making • recording the steps as symbols to solve a problem, for example using arrows | |
| Related extract from Achievement Standard | Students design solutions to simple problems using a sequence of steps and decisions. | Plugged - with a digital device: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • exploring the functions of buttons on a digital device • experimenting with a digital device, for example going forward and backward • programming a digital device to follow a simple sequence of steps to solve a problem, for example following a set of instructions written as arrows • programming a digital device to make a square programming a digital device to follow a path to avoid an obstacle | |
| Suggested focus | Lessons may focus on: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • introducing algorithms and following steps sequentially • discussing the terminology around algorithms • making decisions when following step-by-step instructions • solving a problem by developing an algorithm, for example writing a sequence of steps or using arrows or symbols | | |

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<http://www.vcaa.vic.edu.au/Pages/foundation10/viccurriculum/digitech/teachersources.aspx>

Unpacking Content Descriptions

Unpacking content descriptions





The following materials are designed to assist teachers to become more familiar with the curriculum by "unpacking" the content descriptions.

When curriculum planning, one of the most important aspects for teachers is to connect the intention of the lesson/s with the appropriate content descriptions and to enable students to demonstrate progress in their learning based upon the achievement standards.

This package of resources outline:

- A suggested focus for lessons
- Sample activities to be undertaken by the students.

These resources cover a selection of the content descriptions from each band, not all the content descriptions.

| YR/LvL | Unpacking the Content Descriptions |
|--------|---|
| F-2 |  Unpacking Digital Technologies Content Descriptions (docx - 366.61kb) |
| 3-4 |  Unpacking Digital Technologies Content Descriptions (docx - 367.16kb) |
| 5-6 |  Unpacking Digital Technologies Content Descriptions (docx - 365.02kb) |
| 7-8 |  Unpacking Digital Technologies Content Descriptions (docx - 367.71kb) |
| 9-10 |  Unpacking Digital Technologies Content Descriptions (docx - 369.45kb) |

<http://www.vcaa.vic.edu.au/Pages/foundation10/viccurriculum/digitech/teachersources.aspx>

Other VCAA Resources

VCAA Website

The screenshot shows the VCAA website interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links for Home, Overview, Curriculum (selected), and Levels. A search bar is located on the right side of the navigation bar. Below the navigation bar, the page title "Digital Technologies" is displayed. The main content area is divided into two columns. The left column contains a table of contents with links for Rationale and Aims, Structure, Learning in Digital Technologies, Scope and Sequence, Resources, and Glossary. The right column contains the main content for "Rationale and Aims", which includes a "Print this page" link, a "Rationale" section with three paragraphs of text, and an "Aims" section with a list of six bullet points. The footer of the page includes links for Privacy statement, Copyright statement, Disclaimer, and Version history, along with the VCAA logo and the Victorian State Government logo.

Home Overview **Curriculum** Levels Download

Digital Technologies

Introduction Curriculum

Rationale and Aims Rationale and Aims [Print this page](#)

Structure

Learning in Digital Technologies

Scope and Sequence

Resources

Glossary

Rationale

The Digital Technologies curriculum enables students to become confident and creative developers of digital solutions through the application of information systems and specific ways of thinking about problem solving.

Students acquire a deep knowledge and understanding of digital systems, data and information and the processes associated with creating digital solutions so they can take up an active role in meeting current and future needs.

The curriculum has been designed to provide practical opportunities for students to explore the capacity of information systems to systematically and innovatively transform data into digital solutions through the application of computational, design and systems thinking.

The curriculum also encourages students to be discerning decision makers by considering different ways of managing the interactions between digital systems, people, data and processes (information systems) and weighing up the possible benefits and potential risks for society and the environment.

Aims

The Digital Technologies curriculum aims to ensure that students can:

- design, create, manage and evaluate sustainable and innovative digital solutions to meet and redefine current and future needs
- use computational thinking and the key concepts of abstraction: data collection, representation and interpretation; specification, algorithms and development to create digital solutions
- apply systems thinking to monitor, analyse, predict and shape the interactions within and between information systems and the impact of these systems on individuals, societies, economies and environments
- confidently use digital systems to efficiently and effectively automate the transformation of data into information and to creatively communicate ideas in a range of settings
- apply protocols and legal practices that support safe, ethical and respectful communications and collaboration with known and unknown audiences.

[Privacy statement](#) | [Copyright statement](#) | [Disclaimer](#)
[Version history](#)

VICTORIA
State Government

<http://victoriancurriculum.vcaa.vic.edu.au/technologies/digital-technologies/introduction/rationale-and-aims>

VCAA Website – Indicative Progress

Indicative Progress templates

Indicative Progress templates have been developed for all levels/bands within each curriculum area, and are made available as:

- primary levels - covering Foundation level through to Level 7 or band 7-8
- secondary levels - beginning at level 6 or band 5-6.

This structure supports planning with a focus on student progression along the curriculum continuum and encourages primary schools to explore the extension into higher levels and secondary schools to consider the lower levels to scaffold learning.

An [annotated example \(docx - 56kb\)](#) is provided to assist teachers in visualising the steps in the process for developing indicative progress descriptions that link elements of consecutive achievement standards.

Indicative Progress templates

Digital Technologies: [Primary \(docx - 58.5kb\)](#) | [Secondary \(docx - 55.88kb\)](#)

Indicative Progress examples

Indicative progress examples are designed to be used with the indicative progress templates as a stimulus material, to support teachers to develop their own descriptions of indicative progress.

The indicative progress examples start with a context statement, written to resemble an element of a teaching and learning program and include references to the most relevant content descriptions. The examples illustrate

<http://www.vcaa.vic.edu.au/Pages/foundation10/viccurriculum/digitech/cpa.aspx>

CURRICULUM AREA: Digital Technologies *toward* Level 10 Achievement Standard

Context: Legal Responsibilities

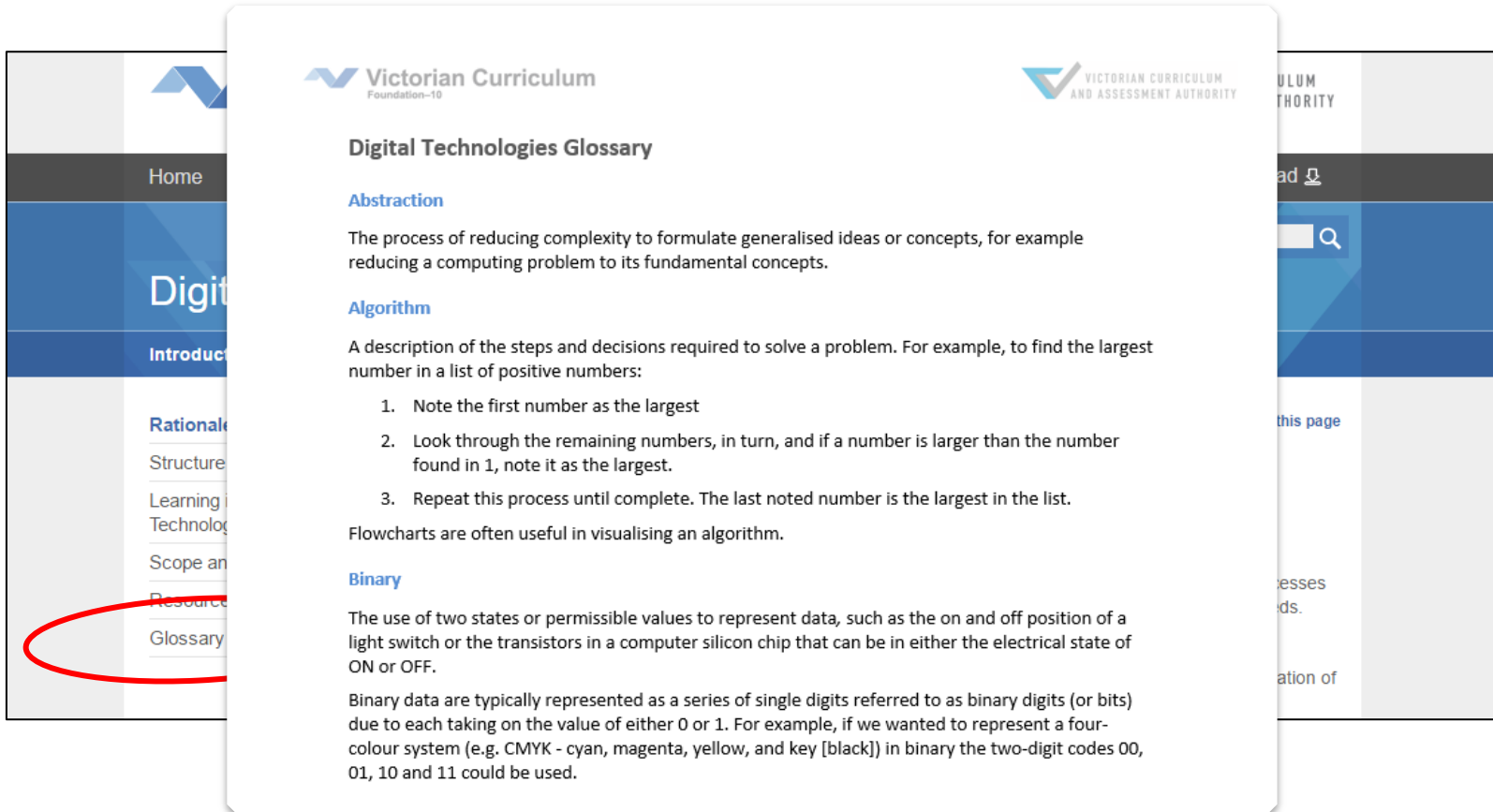
Students, who as part of a larger project are planning and developing a mobile application for a cafe or restaurant, will explore the legal responsibilities involved when collecting and storing data for use in a mobile application. The teaching and learning plan focuses on the strands of Data and Information and Creating Digital Solutions.

Content Description:

- Develop techniques for acquiring, storing and validating quantitative and qualitative data from a range of sources, considering privacy and security requirements (VCDTDI047)
- Evaluate critically how well student-developed solutions and existing information systems and policies take account of future risks and sustainability and provide opportunities for innovation (VCDTCD054)

| Digital Technologies Level 8 Achievement Standard | Example of Indicative Progress towards Level 10 Achievement Standard | Digital Technologies Level 10 Achievement Standard |
|---|--|--|
| <p>By the end of Level 8:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Students distinguish between different types of networks and their suitability in meeting defined purposes. • Students explain how text, image and sound data can be represented and secured in digital systems and presented using digital systems. • They analyse and evaluate data from a range of sources to model solutions and create information. • They manage the collaborative creation of interactive ideas, information and projects and use appropriate codes of conduct when communicating online. • Students define and decompose problems in terms of functional requirements and constraints. • They design user experiences and algorithms incorporating branching and iterations, and develop, test, and modify digital solutions. • Students evaluate information systems and their solutions in terms of meeting needs, innovation and sustainability. | <p>In Digital Technologies, indicative progression towards the Level 10 achievement standard may be when students:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identify privacy and security requirements that existing social media platforms and mobile applications use when collecting personal data. • describe potential risks in the storage and access to customer personal data when the student developed mobile application is used to place an order. | <p>By the end of Level 10:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Students explain the control and management of networked digital systems and the data security implications of the interaction between hardware, software and users. • Students explain simple data compression, and why content data are separated from presentation. • They take account of privacy and security requirements when selecting and validating data and use digital systems to analyse, visualise and model salient aspects of data. • Students share and collaborate online, establishing protocols for the legal and safe use, transmission and maintenance of data and projects. • Students define and decompose complex problems in terms of functional and non-functional requirements. • They design and evaluate user experiences and algorithms, and develop and test modular programs, including an object-oriented program. • Students evaluate their solutions and information systems in terms of risk, sustainability and potential for innovation. |

Glossary



Victorian Curriculum
Foundation–10

Victorian Curriculum
AND ASSESSMENT AUTHORITY

Digital Technologies Glossary

Abstraction

The process of reducing complexity to formulate generalised ideas or concepts, for example reducing a computing problem to its fundamental concepts.

Algorithm

A description of the steps and decisions required to solve a problem. For example, to find the largest number in a list of positive numbers:

1. Note the first number as the largest
2. Look through the remaining numbers, in turn, and if a number is larger than the number found in 1, note it as the largest.
3. Repeat this process until complete. The last noted number is the largest in the list.

Flowcharts are often useful in visualising an algorithm.

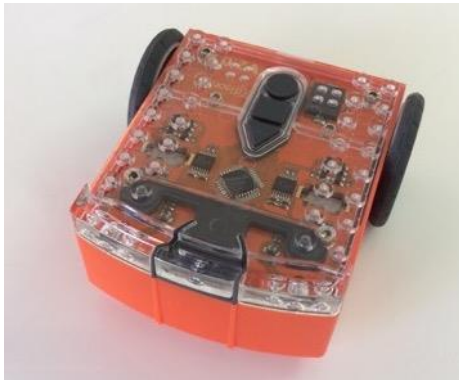
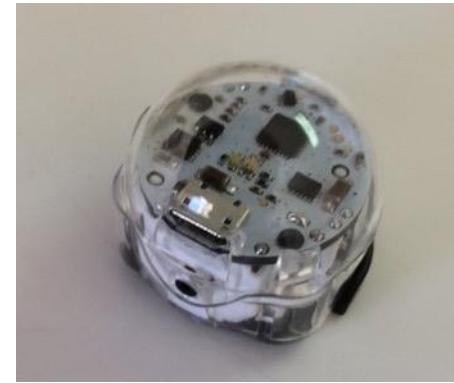
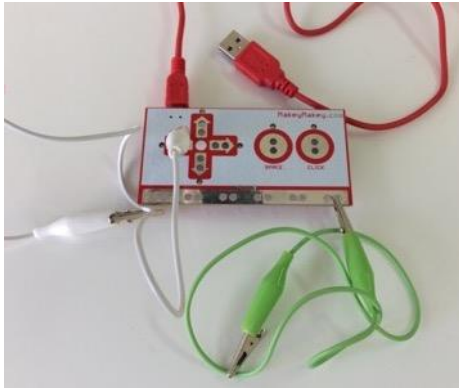
Binary

The use of two states or permissible values to represent data, such as the on and off position of a light switch or the transistors in a computer silicon chip that can be in either the electrical state of ON or OFF.

Binary data are typically represented as a series of single digits referred to as binary digits (or bits) due to each taking on the value of either 0 or 1. For example, if we wanted to represent a four-colour system (e.g. CMYK - cyan, magenta, yellow, and key [black]) in binary the two-digit codes 00, 01, 10 and 11 could be used.

Digital Devices in Digital Technologies

There are wide range of options



This is just a sample!

Think before you code!

- Digital devices are very engaging!!!
- But step back from the device and do the thinking?
 - What does it need to do? (Functional requirements)
 - Break down the problem (Decomposition)
 - What are the important/relevant parts? (Abstraction)
 - What are the steps in sequence we need to solve it?
(Algorithms)

Digital Systems

Hardware and Software in Digital Devices

Hardware

- Micro controller
- Computer Processor Unit (CPU)

Input

- Sensors such as light, sound, direction, speed & acceleration, temperature etc.

Output

- Motors
- Speaker
- Lights

Software

How are programs used by the Digital System

- Instructions
- Sequences
- Algorithms
- Branching (if ... then)
- Iteration (loop/repeat)

Creating Digital Solutions

| Foundation – Level 2 | Levels 3 and 4 | Levels 5 and 6 |
|--|--|---|
| Follow, describe and represent a sequence of steps and decisions (algorithms) needed to solve simple problems | Define simple problems, and describe and follow a sequence of steps and decisions involving branching and user input (algorithms) needed to solve them | Define problems in terms of data and functional requirements, drawing on previously solved problems to identify similarities |
| | | Design a user interface for a digital system, generating and considering alternative design ideas |
| | | Design, modify and follow simple algorithms represented diagrammatically and in English, involving sequences of steps, branching, and iteration |
| | Develop simple solutions as visual programs | Develop digital solutions as simple visual programs |
| Explore how people safely use common information systems to meet information, communication and recreation needs | Explain how student-developed solutions and existing information systems meet common personal, school or community needs | Explain how student-developed solutions and existing information systems meet current and future community and sustainability needs |

Creating Digital Solutions

| Levels 7 and 8 | Levels 9 and 10 |
|--|---|
| Define and decompose real-world problems taking into account functional requirements and sustainability (economic, environmental, social), technical and usability constraints | Define and decompose real-world problems precisely, taking into account functional and non-functional requirements and including interviewing stakeholders to identify needs |
| Design the user experience of a digital system, generating, evaluating and communicating alternative designs | Design the user experience of a digital system, evaluating alternative designs against criteria including functionality, accessibility, usability and aesthetics |
| Design algorithms represented diagrammatically and in English, and trace algorithms to predict output for a given input and to identify errors | Design algorithms represented diagrammatically and in structured English and validate algorithms and programs through tracing and test cases |
| Develop and modify programs with user interfaces involving branching, iteration and functions using a general-purpose programming language | Develop modular programs, applying selected algorithms and data structures including using an object-oriented programming language |
| Evaluate how well student-developed solutions and existing information systems meet needs, are innovative and take account of future risks and sustainability | Evaluate critically how well student-developed solutions and existing information systems and policies take account of future risks and sustainability and provide opportunities for innovation |

Other Online Resources

Fuse

<https://fuse.education.vic.gov.au/>

DIGITAL TECHNOLOGIES

Digital systems: Levels 5-6

👍 1 Level 5, 6 93 VIEWS ● Check Resource



How computers work

DIGITAL TECH



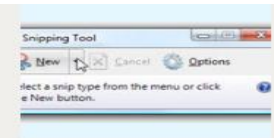
Digital systems: Levels 7-8

DIGITAL TECH



Digital systems: Levels 3-4

DIGITAL TECH



Assign a Shortcut Key to the Snipping Tool in...

DIGITAL TECH



Digital systems: F-2

DIGITAL TECH



Data and Information: Levels 3-4

DIGITAL TECH



Creating digital solutions: Levels 3-4

DIGITAL TECH



Creating digital solutions: Levels 7-8

DIGITAL TECH

http://www.digipubs.vic.edu.au/pubs/digitaltechnologies/digital-technologies-L5_L6_digital_systems

Examine the main components of common digital systems, and how such digital systems may connect together to form networks to transmit data.

DigiPubs

The screenshot shows the DigiPubs website interface. At the top, the logo 'DIGIPUBS' is displayed with a play button icon. Below it, the email address 'digital.learning@edumail.vic.gov.au' is visible. A navigation bar contains links for 'Home', 'DigiPubs', 'VCAA', and 'Contact', along with a search icon. The main heading is 'Digital Technologies Curriculum'. Below this, a sub-heading 'Digital Technologies Curriculum' is followed by the text 'Explore the resources to support your teaching of the Digital Technologies Curriculum.' There are six resource cards arranged in a 2x3 grid: 'Why Digital Technologies?' (with a red button icon), 'Where to Start' (with a globe icon), 'Designing the Learning' (with a data chart icon), 'Teaching and Learning Resources' (with a person icon), 'Assessment' (with a laptop icon), and 'Find out more' (with a child icon). To the right, a 'Digital Technologies Curriculum' sidebar lists various resources, including 'Home', 'Why Digital Technologies?', 'Where to Start?', 'School Case Studies' (listing schools like Atken Creek Primary School, Box Hill High School, Dallas Brooks Community Primary School, John Monash Science School, and Matthew Flinders Girls Secondary College), 'Midura West Primary School', 'Designing the Learning', 'Teaching and Learning Resources' (listing levels F-12, L3-4, L5-6, L7-8, L9-10), 'Assessment', 'Frequently Asked Questions', and 'Find Out More'. At the bottom of the page, there is an 'About DigiPubs' section with the text 'DigiPubs are digital publications which provide practical advice and resources that can be accessed online on any device through any browser.' and the logos for 'VICTORIA State Government' and 'Education and Training'. A copyright notice at the bottom reads '© Copyright 2017 Department of Education and Training. All rights reserved.'

<http://www.digipubs.vic.edu.au/pubs/digitaltechnologies/digital-technologies-curriculum>

Digital Technologies Hub

The screenshot displays the Digital Technologies Hub website. At the top, there is a navigation menu with links for Home, Teachers, School Leaders, Students, and Families, along with a search bar. The main header features the Digital Technologies Hub logo and a large banner for 'LESSON IDEAS' with the subtitle 'APPROACHES TO TEACH DIGITAL TECHNOLOGIES'. Below the banner is a breadcrumb trail: HOME / TEACHERS / LESSON IDEAS / SEARCH THE LESSON IDEAS. A 'FILTER IDEAS BY' section allows users to filter by year levels (F-2, 3-4, 5-6, 7-8, 9-10) and digital technologies taught with (English, Science, The Arts, Mathematics, Design Technologies, Health and Physical Education, Humanities and Social Sciences). A featured lesson titled 'Buzzing with Bee-Bots' is highlighted, including a dropdown menu for 'NEW TO DIGITAL TECHNOLOGIES', 'AUSTRALIAN CURRICULUM', and 'TOPICS'. The lesson description states: 'In this lesson, students follow and describe a series of steps to program a floor robot. Plan a route to program a robot to follow a path and write a sequence of steps (algorithm). Year Level Bands F-2 Australian Curriculum Mathematics, English'.

<https://www.digitaltechnologieshub.edu.au>

Useful Resources

Victorian Curriculum website (<http://victoriancurriculum.vcaa.vic.edu.au/>)

VCAA DigiTech resources (<http://www.vcaa.vic.edu.au/Pages/foundation10/viccurriculum/digitech/digitech.aspx>)

VCAA Professional learning (<http://www.vcaa.vic.edu.au/Pages/foundation10/viccurriculum/viccurr-proflearn.aspx>)

ACARA Work Samples (<http://resources.australiancurriculum.edu.au/>)

Useful Resources (cont)

DigiPubs (DET) (<http://www.digipubs.vic.edu.au/>)

CS Unplugged (University of Canterbury, NZ) (<http://csunplugged.org>)

CSER MOOC (University of Adelaide)
(<http://csermoocs.adelaide.edu.au/moocs/>)

Digital Learning News (DET) (<http://diglearning.global2.vic.edu.au/>)

Curriculum Mapping Templates (VCAA)
(<http://www.vcaa.vic.edu.au/Pages/foundation10/viccurriculum/digitech/digitechcmt.aspx>)

Questions?

VCAA Support

- To find online webinars or face-to-face sessions in your area:

<http://www.vcaa.vic.edu.au/Pages/foundation10/viccurriculum/viccur-proflearn-specialists.aspx>

- To request a session for your local network:

<http://www.vcaa.vic.edu.au/Pages/foundation10/viccurriculum/viccur-proflearn-specialists.aspx#request>

Thank you for your participation

**Please take the next few minutes
to complete our short survey**

<https://goo.gl/KHGqjk>

https://vcaa.qualtrics.com/jfe/form/SV_8cZifMZ64EDrjMx

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